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## ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED

## ANNUAL REPORT 2017-18

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Ashish A. Kataria Director
Mr. Sanjay P. Londhe Director
Mr. Milapraj Bhansali Director

#### **AUDITORS**

STATUTORY AUDITORS M/s. S R Batliboi & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants

Internal Auditors M/s. Price Waterhouse Coopers Private Limited, Mumbai

Cost Auditors M/s. CY & Associates, Nashik

#### **BANKERS**

- 1. Axis Bank Limited
- 2. Central Bank of India
- 3. Corporation Bank
- 4. Dena Bank
- 5. IIFCL
- 6. Indian Overseas Bank
- 7. Union Bank of India
- 8. L&T Infrastructure Finance Co. Ltd.
- 9. Oriental Bank of Commerce

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Unit No. 402, 4th Floor, City Centre, Plot No. 5, Sector 12, Dwarka, New Delhi – 110 075





# Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited Notice to Shareholders

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Seventh (7<sup>th</sup>) Annual General Meeting of Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited will be held on Tuesday, September 25, 2018 at 12.00 Noon at Ashoka House, Ashoka Marg, Nashik – 422 011 to transact the following business:

## **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Financial Statements including Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date along with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon;
- 2. To re-appoint Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali (DIN 00181897) who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

**"RESOLVED THAT** Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali (DIN - 00181897), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director, liable to retire by rotation.

## **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

3. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution.

## **Confirmation of Appointment of Director:**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of sections 161 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, if any and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali (DIN: 00181897), who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company as Director liable to retire by rotation."

- 4. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:** 
  - "RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 including any statutory modification/(s) or re-enactment/(s) thereof for the time being in force),

M/s CY & Associates, Cost Accountants, (Firm Registration No. 000334) be and are hereby appointed as Cost Auditors for conducting audit of the Cost Records of the Company, for the financial year ending March 31, 2019, be paid remuneration not exceeding Rs. 75,000/- (Rupees Seventy Five Thousand only) plus service tax and the reimbursement of the actual out of pocket expenses, if any, as may be incurred by M/s. CY & Associates, Cost Accountants, Nashik, for conducting the audit of the cost records of the Company of the financial year 2018-19.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors be and are hereby authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, expedient and desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution".

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited

Sd/-

(Sanjay P. Ingale) Director DIN- 08108264

Place: Nashik Date: 24.05.2018

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. Member entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote, on behalf of himself/herself and the proxy need not be member of the company.
- 2. Proxy form duly stamped and executed in order to be effective must reach the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time of commencement of the annual general meeting.
- 3. Members/proxies should fill the attendance slip for attending the meeting.
- 4. An explanatory statement pursuant to section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed and forms part of this notice.

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 102 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

#### ITEM NO. 3

Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali (DIN: 00181897) has been appointed on October 23, 2017 as an additional director and holds the office of Director till the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. He is a Chartered Accountant worked in senior positions and having vast experience of 40 years in managing industries such as Chemicals, Steel Wires, Foundry, Railway Wagons, Sugar, Tyres and Real Estate. He has had an experience in turning around sick industrial units to profit generating businesses. His key areas of operations include Finance, Marketing, Procurement, Negotiations and General Management.

The Board of Director proposes the appointment of Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali as Director and recommends the resolution for approval of the shareholders as an ordinary resolution.

None of Directors and Key Managerial Persons along with their relatives except Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali along with his relatives is concerned or interested financially or otherwise in this resolution.

## ITEM NO. 4

The Board of Directors has appointed M/s. CY & Associates, Cost Accountants, Nashik, as the Cost Auditor pursuant to Section 148 of Companies Act, 2013 to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year 2018-19 in respect of infrastructure services provided by the Company and has fixed a remuneration not exceeding Rs. 75,000/- (Rupees Seventy Five Thousand only) plus applicable service tax and reimbursement of actual out of pocket expenses as may be incurred by the Cost Auditor.

The resolution seeks the ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor in terms of Rule 14 (a) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on May 24, 2018.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Persons and their relatives are concerned or interested in the resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution at Item No. 4 for approval by the members as an Ordinary Resolution.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited

Sd/-

(Sanjay P. Ingale) Director DIN- 08108264





## ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Seventh (7<sup>th</sup>) Annual Report of your Company for the year ended March 31, 2018.

#### (1) FINANCIAL RESULTS

Financial results of the Company for the year under review along with the figures for previous year are as follows:

(Rs. in Lakhs except EPS)

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Particulars	2017-18	2016-17
Total Receipts / Gross Sales & Operating Income	32,362.50	26,124.20
Gross Profit before Depreciation, Amortization and Tax	(13,304.94)	(15,859.13)
Depreciation and amortization	4,480.84	3,614.09
Profit before Tax	(17,785.77)	(19,473.22)
Provision for Taxation	-	-
Profit after Tax	(17,785.77)	(19,473.22)
Earnings per share of Rs. 10/- each		
Basic	(517.91)	(567.05)
Diluted	(517.91)	(567.05)

#### (2) OPERATIONS

The Company has been floated as a Special Purpose Vehicle ("SPV") and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Ashoka Concessions Limited. It is incorporated for executing the project viz. "To carry on the business of Designing, Building, Financing, Operation and Maintenance of Six Laning of Dhankuni to Kharagpur Section of NH –6 From Km. 17.600 to Km 129.000 in the State of West Bengal under NHDP Phase –V on Design, Build, Finance, Operate and Transfer (DBFOT) Toll Basis.

ICRA rating of the project loans of the Company is BBB+ (stable).

There has been increase of 23% in toll collections to Rs.317.66 Crore for the year ending March 2018 vis-a-vis Rs.257.28 Crore for previous year due to increase in traffic, annual toll revision on the basis of WPI for current year.

#### (3) SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, the Company has not allotted any equity shares with or without differential voting rights. The paid-up Equity Share capital of the Company as at March 31, 2017 stood at Rs. 34,341,540/- (Rupees Three Crore Forty Three Lakh Forty One Thousand Five Hundred and Forty.

## (4) SHIFTING OF REGISTERED OFFICE

Your Board of Directors approved shifting of the Registered Office of the Company with effect from February 01, 2018 to "Unit No. 402, 4th Floor, City Centre, Plot No. 5, Sector 12, Dwarka, New Delhi – 110 075".

#### (5) DIVIDEND

Since your Company has incurred loss of Rs. 17,785.77 Lakhs during the year, the Directors have not recommended any Dividend for the financial year 2017-18.

## (6) PERFORMANCE OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES & JOINT VENTURES

The Company does not have any subsidiary and in accordance with Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Accounting Standard (AS), the Company is not required to prepare the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## (7) NUMBER OF MEETINGS HELD

### A. Board Meetings.

The Board of Directors duly met 08 times during the financial year on the following dates and the necessary quorum was present for all the meetings. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days, as prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013.

Sr. No.	Date of Meetings
1	26.05.2017
2	14.08.2017
3	06.09.2017
4	11.09.2017
5	23.10.2017
6	01.12.2017
7	15.01.2018
8	24.03.2018

#### **Attendance**

Sr. No	Name	No. of meetings held	No. of meetings attended
1	Mr. Sanjay P. Londhe	8	8
2	Mr. Ashish A. Kataria	8	6
3	Mr. Jayanta Dixit <sup>(1)</sup>	5	1
4	Mr. Nirbhaya K. Mishra <sup>(2)</sup>	4	1
5	Ms. Sunanda V. Dandekar <sup>(3)</sup>	4	1
6	Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali <sup>(4)</sup>	3	3

- (1) Mr. Jayanta Dixit resigned as Director w.e.f. October 23, 2017
- (2) Mr. Nirbhaya Kishore Mishra resigned as Independent Director w.e.f. September 11, 2017
- (3) Ms. Sunanda Dandekar resigned as Independent Director w.e.f. September 11, 2017.
- (4) Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. October 23, 2017.

#### **B. Audit Committee Meetings**

Only one meeting of the Audit Committee was held during the year 2017-18 on May 29, 2017. All the Members of the Audit Committee were present at the said meeting.

The Audit Committee has been dissolved with effect from September 11, 2017, pursuant to the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Second Amendment Rules, 2017 issued by MCA vide its notification dated July 13, 2017.

## C. Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting

No meeting of the Members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") was held during the FY 2017-18.

The NRC Committee has been dissolved with effect from September 11, 2017, pursuant to the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Second Amendment Rules, 2017 issued by MCA vide its notification dated July 13, 2017.

## **D.** Meeting of Independent Directors

Pursuant to the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Amendment Rules, 2017 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") vide its notification dated July 05, 2017, the Wholly Owned Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Dormant Companies need not have Independent Directors. In view of above, the Company being Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Ashoka Concessions Limited need not further require Independent Directors appointed on the Board of Directors.

During the year, the Independent Directors resigned as Directors with effect from September 11, 2017.

#### (8) DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

## A. Director liable to retire by rotation

Pursuant to the provisions of the section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali, (DIN - 00181897), Director of the Company retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

You are requested to re-appoint him.

#### B. Declaration Independence by Independent Directors;

Pursuant to the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Amendment Rules, 2017 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") vide its notification dated July 05, 2017, the Wholly Owned Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Dormant Companies need not have Independent Directors. In view of above, the Company being Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Ashoka Concessions Limited need not further require Independent Directors appointed on the Board of Directors. Accordingly Ms. Sunanda Dandekar and Mr. Nirbhaya Kishore Mishra, Independent Directors of the Company have resigned w.e.f. September 11, 2017.

#### C. Appointment and Resignation of Directors

Mr. Milap Raj Bhansali has been appointed as Additional Director w.e.f. October 24, 2017;

Mr. Sanjay P. Ingle and Ms. Pooja Lopes have been appointed as Nominee Directors w.e.f. May 24, 2018.

Mr. Jayanta Dixit resigned as Director w.e.f. October 23, 2017. Mr. Sanjay P. Londhe and Mr. Ashish A. Kataria resigned as Nominee Directors of the Company with effect from May 24, 2018. The Board places on record its appreciation for the services rendered by them during their tenure of their directorships with the Company.

#### (9) COMMITTEES

The Company had constituted Audit Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee ("the Committees") under sections 177 & 178 of Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in compliance with the requirements of the Act.

Pursuant to the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Amendment Rules, 2017 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") vide its notification dated July 05, 2017, the Wholly Owned Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Dormant Companies need not require Independent Directors. Further pursuant to the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Second Amendment Rules, 2017 issued by MCA vide its notification dated July 13, 2017, those Companies which do not require appointment of Independent Directors, need not require constitution of the Committees u/s 177 & 178 of the Act.

In view of above amendments, the Audit Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee have been dissolved with effect from September 11, 2017.

#### (10) AUDITORS

#### **A. STATUTORY AUDITORS**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, M/s S R Batliboi & Co. LLP has been appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the first term of Five (5) consecutive years from FY 2017-18 till FY 2021-22.

The provision regarding ratification of appointment of statutory auditors at every Annual General Meeting has been withdrawn with effect from May 07, 2018 pursuant to Companies Amendment Act, 2017 and hence the resolution for ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditors is not included in the Notice calling 8<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting.

The Auditors' Reports on financial statements for the financial year 2017-18 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

#### **B. INTERNAL AUDITORS**

M/s. Price Waterhouse Coopers Private Limited, Chartered Accountants, are internal Auditors of the Company and their reports are reviewed by the Audit Committee from time to time. The scope of work of Internal Auditors is laid down by Audit Committee and is reviewed on regular basis.

#### **C. COST AUDITORS**

The Board of Directors had appointed M/s. CY & Associates, Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 000334), as the Cost Auditors of your Company for the financial year 2018-19, to conduct the audit of cost records of your Company.

As per Section 148 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors of your Company appointed M/s. CY & Associates, Cost Accountants, (Firm Registration No.000334) as the Cost Auditor for the financial year 2018-19 on the recommendations made by the Audit Committee. The remuneration proposed to be paid to the Cost Auditor, subject to the ratification by the Members at the ensuing AGM, would be not exceeding Rs. 75,000 (Rupees Seventy Five Thousand only) excluding taxes and out of pocket expenses.

Your Company has received consent from M/s. CY & Associates, Cost Accountants, to act as the Cost Auditors of your Company for the financial year 2018-19 along with a certificate confirming their independence. As required under the Companies Act, 2013, a resolution seeking Members' approval for the ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors forms part of the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting for their ratification.

There are no qualification(s), reservation(s) or adverse remark(s) in the Cost Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2018.

## (11) PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposits u/s 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the FY 2017-18.

#### (12) PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the Financial Statements.

#### (13) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions entered during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. There were no materially significant related party transactions with the Company's Promoters, Directors, Management or their relatives, which could have had a potential conflict with the interests of the Company. Transactions with related parties entered by the Company in the normal course of business are periodically placed before the Audit Committee for its review and the particulars of contracts entered during the year as per Form AOC-2 is enclosed as **Annexure – II** 

## (14) CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Data pertaining to conservation of energy and technology absorption is not applicable. There was neither foreign exchange earning nor expenditure during the year under review.

## (15) PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

During the year under review there are no such employees appointed by the Company, who are drawing salary in excess of the limits specified u/s 197 of the Act.

The details as per Section 197 read with Rule 5 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company, being a Unlisted Company.

#### (16) POLICY ON PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

The Company has in place Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 (SHWW Act). Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress the complaints received regarding sexual harassment comprising of Senior Executives and independent Female Members from NGO Groups. The Committee is responsible for ensuring compliance in terms of provisions of SHWW Act, from time to time. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

Disclosure as per Section 22 of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 is given below.

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 22 of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 read with the Rules thereunder, the Company has not received any complaint of sexual harassment during the year under review.

## (17) DISCLOSURE RELATING TO REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

In accordance with Section 178 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules issued thereunder, the Board of Directors at their meeting held on May 04, 2015 formulated the Nomination and Remuneration Policy for your Company on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration ("NRC") Committee.

The NRC Committee has been dissolved with effect from September 11, 2017, pursuant to the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Second Amendment Rules, 2017 issued by MCA vide its notification dated July 13, 2017.

Even though the Committee has been dissolved the Board of Directors continues to follow the remuneration policy. The Remuneration Policy has been annexed to this Report as Annexure III.

## (18) ACCOUNTS

The accounts read together with the Notes to Accounts are self-explanatory and do not call for any further explanation.

### (19) INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has a proper and adequate system of internal controls. This ensures that all transactions are authorised, recorded and reported correctly and assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. In addition there are operational controls and fraud risk controls, covering the entire spectrum of internal financial controls.

An extensive programme of internal audits and management reviews supplements the process of internal financial control framework. The internal financial control framework has been designed to ensure that the financial and other records are reliable for preparing financial and other statements and for maintaining accountability of assets. In addition, the Company has identified and documented the risks and controls for each process that has a relationship to the financial operations and reporting.

The Company's Board of Directors interacts with the Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditors and Management in dealing with matters within its terms of reference. This Committee mainly deals with accounting matters, financial reporting and internal controls.

The Internal Auditors monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Internal Auditor of the

Company conducts the audit on regular basis and the Board of Directors periodically reviews internal audit reports and effectiveness of internal control systems. Based on the report of internal audit, concerned departments undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and corrective actions thereon are presented to the Board of Directors.

#### (20) CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

The net profit, net worth and turnover of the Company do not exceed the criteria as specified under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Hence the provisions of CSR do not apply to the Company and is not required to spend on CSR activities.

### (21) EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in form MGT-9 is annexed herewith as Annexure - I.

## (22) VIGIL MECHANISM

In pursuance of the provisions of section 177(9) & (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, a Vigil Mechanism for Directors and employees to report genuine concerns has been established. All employees and Directors are made aware of the mechanism. The Company has established a system to ensure effective functioning of the mechanism. The Vigil Mechanism has been enclosed as part of this report Annexure – IV.

#### (23) RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

Your Company recognizes that risk is an integral part of the business and is committed to manage the risk in a proactive and efficient manner. The Company has in place a proper internal Risk Management system to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks to key business objectives. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis by following the principles of Risk Matrix.

There are no risks which in the opinion of the Board of Directors affect the Company's Operations on a going concern basis. Hence the Company does not have any Risk Management Policy as there are no elements of risk threatening the Company's existence.

## (24) MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There are no material changes and commitment affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year to which this financial statements relate and the date of the report.

#### (25) SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

No significant material orders have been passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

### (26) DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors' Responsibility Statement referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, shall state that—

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e. the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### (27) ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board of Directors place on record their deep appreciation to NHAI, financial institutions, bankers, suppliers and others for their co-operation and patronage during the period under review & look forward for a constant, cordial relationship in the years to come. We place on record our deep appreciation for the services rendered by the employees of the company at all levels.

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/- Sd/-

(Sanjay P. Ingale) (Pooja A. Lopes)

**Director Director** 

DIN - 08108264 DIN - 08133373

Place: Nashik Date: 24.05.2018

## Annexure - I FORM NO. MGT 9

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration ) Rules, 2014.

## **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

#### REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

i	CIN	U45204DL2011PLC215262					
ii	Registration Date	04.03.2011					
iii	Name of the Company	ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED					
iv	Category of the Company	Non Government Company					
V	Address of the Registered office & contact details	Unit No. 402, 4th Floor, City Centre, Plot No. 5, Sector 12, Dwarka, New Delhi - 110075 secretarial@ashokabuildcon.com					
vi	Whether listed company	No.					
vii	Name and Address of Registrar & Transfer Agents (RTA):-	No.					
II.	PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY OF THE COMPANY All the business activities contributing 10 % or more	e of the total turnover		ı			
II.			uct / service		tal turnover company		
	All the business activities contributing 10 % or more		uct / service	of the			
SI. No.	All the business activities contributing 10 % or more  Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Produ	uct / service	of the	company		
SI. No.	All the business activities contributing 10 % or more  Name and Description of main products / services  Toll Collection	NIC Code of the Produ 42 OCIATE COMPANIES -	uct / service	of the	company		
SI. No.	Name and Description of main products / services  Toll Collection  PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSE	NIC Code of the Produ 42 OCIATE COMPANIES -	HOLDING/ SUBSIDIARY /ASSOCIATE	of the	company		

#### Category-wise Share Holding

Category of	ľ	No. of Shares held at th	ne beginning of the year		No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Change
Shareholders	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
A. Promoter s									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	0	0	0	0%	0			0%	0%
b) Central Govt	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
c) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
d) Bodies Corp.	34,34,148	6	34,34,154	100%	34,34,148	6	34,34,154	100%	0%
e) Banks / Fl	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
f) Any other	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
(2) Foreign									
a) NRI - Individual/	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
b) Other - Individual/	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
d) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
e) Any Others	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
Total shareholding of									
Promoter (A)	34,34,148	6	34,34,154	100%	34,34,148	6	34,34,154	100%	0%
` '	, ,		, ,		, ,				
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
b) Banks / FI	0	0	0.00%	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
c) Central Govt	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
d) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
g) FIIs	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
h) Foreign Venture	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
i) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
Sub-total (B)(1):-	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
i) Indian	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
ii) Overseas	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders									
holding nominal share									
capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
ii) Individual									
shareholders holding									
nominal share capital in									
excess of Rs 1 lakh	0	0	0		0	0	0	0%	
c) Others (specify)	0	0	0		0	0	0	0%	0%
Sub-total (B)(2):-	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
Total Public Shareholding									-
(B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
C. Shares held by Custodian									
for GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0%	0%
Grand Total (A+B+C)	34,34,148	6	34,34,154	100%	34,34,148	6	34,34,154	100%	0%

#### Shareholding of Promoters

		Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Share holdin	% change in		
SI No.	. Shareholder's Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	share holding during the year
1	Ashoka Concessions Limited	34,34,154	100%	51%	34,34,154	100%	51%	0%
	TOTAL	34,34,154	100%	51%	34,34,154	100%	51%	0%

#### iii Change in Promoters' Shareholding ( please specify, if there is no change,

	ŭ	ne beginning of the ear	Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
SI. No. I - Ashoka Concessions Limited	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
At the beginning of the year	34,34,154	100%	34,34,154	100%	
Changes During the Year	0	0%	0	0%	
At the End of the year	34,34,154	100%	34,34,154	100%	

#### iv Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

There is no shareholder other than Directors, Promoters.

#### Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

None of the Directors and KMPs hold any shares.

#### v INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

Rs. In Lakh

_				Rs. In Lakh
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtness
i) Principal Amount	1,59,875.48	19,871.94		1,79,747.42
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-		-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	327.31	-		327.31
Total (i+ii+iii)	1,60,202.79	19,871.94	-	1,80,074.73
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtness
* Addition	-	4,761.12		4,761.12
* Reduction	487.92	699.00		1,186.92
Net Change	- 487.92	4,062.12	-	3,574.20
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtness
i) Principal Amount	1,59,714.87	23,934.06	-	1,83,648.93
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	327.31	-	-	327.31
Total (i+ii+iii)	1,60,042.18	23,934.06	-	1,83,976.24

#### VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

## A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

Not Applicable

#### B. Remuneration to other directors:

		Name of	Directors	
Sl. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Sunanda Dandekar	Nirbhaya Mishra	Total Amount
1	Independent Directors			
	Fee for attending board committee meetings	20000	20000	40000
	Commission	0	0	0
	Others, please specify	0	0	0
	Total (1)	20000	20000	40000
2	Other Non-Executive Directors			
	Fee for attending board committee meetings	0	0	0
	Commission	0	0	0
	Others, please specify	0	0	0
	Total (2)	0	0	0
	Total (B)=(1+2)	20000	20000	40000
	Total Managerial Remuneration	20000	20000	40000
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	Rs	. 1 Lakh per meeting	

## C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

Not Applicable.

## VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

There were no penalties / punishment / compounding of offences for the year ended 2017-18

#### For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Sd/- Sd/-

(Sanjay P. Ingle) (Pooja A. Lopes)

Director Director

DIN-08108264 DIN - 08133373

Place: Nashik
Date: 24.05.2018

#### Annexure II - Form AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (b) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto

#### 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

Sr. No	Name of the Related Party	Nature of	Durations of the Contracts /	Salient Terms of the Contracts or	Justification for entering into	Date(s) approval	Amount paid as	Date on which
		Contracts/Arrangements/	Agreements/ Transactions	arrangements or Transactions including the	such contracts or	by the Board, if	advances, if any	the special
		Transactions:		Value, if any	arrangements or transactions	any		resolution was
								passed in
								general meeting
	Not Applicable							

#### 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

Sr. No.	Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of Contracts / Agreements / Transactions		Salient Terms of the Contracts or arrangements or Transactions including the Value, if any (Amt in Lakhs)		Amount paid as advances, if any
1	Ashoka Buildcon Ltd.	Ultimate Holding Company	Sub Contract Charges	Upto March 31, 2018	Sub-Contract Charges / EPC - Rs.4,808.45 Lakh	23.02.2017	Nil
2	Ashoka Concessions Ltd.	Holding Company	Routine Maintenance expenses	Upto March 31, 2018	Routine Maintenance Expenses - Rs.1,120.77 Lakh	23.02.2017	Nil
4	Ashoka Concessions Ltd.	Holding Company	Rendering of Services	Upto March 31, 2018	Toll Monitoring Services - Rs.30.97 Lakh	23.02.2017	Nil

For and on behalf of Board of Directors Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited

Sd/- Sd/-

(Sanjay P. Ingale) (Pooja A. Lopes)

Director Director DiN-08108264 DIN-08133373

Place : Nashik Date : 24.05.2018

#### **Annexure III**

## ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED

#### REMUNERATION POLICY

The Remuneration Policy ("Policy / this Policy") of Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited (the "Company") is designed to attract, motivate and retain manpower in a competitive market. The policy reflects the Company's objectives for good corporate governance as well as sustained long-term value creation for shareholders.

The Policy applies to the Company's Board of Directors, Senior Management, including its Key Managerial Personnel (KMP).

## **Guiding principles**

The guiding principle is that the remuneration and the other terms of employment shall be competitive in order to ensure that the Company can attract and retain competent Executives.

#### **Remuneration Policy**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee recommends to the Board the compensation package of the Executive Directors and also the compensation payable to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company in accordance with the provisions contained in the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company has the Policy of remunerating Non-Executive Directors through payment of Sitting Fees, or Commission or both within the ceiling prescribed by the Central Government.

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

(Sanjay P. Ingale) (Pooja A. Lopes)
Director Director

DIN - 08108264 DIN - 08133373

Place: Nashik Date: 24.05.2018

#### **Annexure IV**

## ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED

## Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

#### Introduction

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited ("the Company") believes in conduct of the affairs of its constituents in a fair and transparent manner by adopting highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behavior. The Company is committed to develop a culture where it is safe for all employees to raise concerns about any fraudulent or unacceptable practice and any event of misconduct.

Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy ("the Policy") is a device to help alert and responsible individuals to bring to the attention of the Management, promptly and directly, any unethical behavior, suspected fraud or abrasion or irregularity in the Company practices which is not in line with Code of Business Principles or the law of the land, without any fear or threat of being victimised.

This Policy is issued pursuant to Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules 2014.

The Company is committed to provide adequate safeguards against victimisation of employees and directors or other persons who avail of such mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee or the Director nominated by the Audit Committee, as the case may be, in exceptional cases.

#### a) Address for Communication:

If any Director / Employee comes across any information detrimental to the interest of the Company, the same should be intimated immediately to the Compliance Officer. The procedure as outlined hereunder will be adopted to deal with such concerns / grievances.

The Whistle Blower shall send his/her Grievance / Complaint ("Complaint") in written form to the following address.

To,
Managing Director,
Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited
206, 2nd Floor, 79, Daryaganj,
New Delhi - 110 002

The Managing Director is designated as Compliance Officer of the Company, reporting to Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The concerns / grievances shall be sent to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The concerns / grievances shall be received in writing by the Compliance Officer duly signed by the complainant. The employee making the complaint shall identify oneself while reporting a concern. Anonymous Reports shall not be considered for further action.

Employees can raise a concern to his supervisor / Manager or a member of the Management. Alternatively, an employee can raise a concern directly to the Compliance Officer in writing.

The Complaint raised will be placed before an appropriate Committee for investigation. The Committee will investigate the Complaint and if it finds no merit or materiality in the Complaint, the said Complaint will be closed and intimation will be sent to Whistle Blower within reasonable period and in any case not exceeding 90 days from the receipt of Complaint.

However, if any merit is found in the Complaint, the Compliance Officer in consultation with the Management will nominate an Investigating Officer who will conduct the investigations directly or through a team formed by the Compliance Officer depending on the nature of the concern. On receipt of the investigation report the Compliance Officer will submit his Report to the Audit Committee who will take a decision on the action to be initiated regarding the concern raised.

The Committee shall give an opportunity of being heard to the Whistle Blower and the investigation will be conducted following the principles of natural justice. In case of any criminal action that may be required/advised to be initiated, the Chairman of the Company will take a final decision.

## b) Protection

- (A) No unfair treatment will be given to a Whistle Blower by virtue of his/her having reported a Protected Disclosure under this Policy. The Company, as a policy, condemns any kind of discrimination, harassment, victimization of Whistle Blower. Complete protection will, be given to Whistle Blower against any unfair practice like threat or termination / suspension of service, disciplinary action, or the like including any direct or indirect use of authority to obstruct the Whistle Blower's right to continue to perform his duties/functions including making further Protected Disclosure.
- (B) The Company will do its best to protect confidentiality of an identity of the Whistle Blower.
- (C) If the Whistle Blower makes an allegation in good faith, which is not confirmed by the investigation, no action will be taken against the Whistle Blower. However, if a complaint is found to be malicious or vexatious or made with any ulterior motive or malafide intention, appropriate disciplinary action will be taken.
- (D) The Company will not entertain anonymous / frivolous grievance.

## c) Reporting:

- A quarterly report with number of Complaints received under the Policy and their outcome shall be placed before the Audit Committee and the Board periodically.
- Details of establishment of such mechanism shall be disclosed by the company on its website, if any, and in the Board's report.

## d) Coverage of Policy:

The Policy covers malpractices and events which have taken place/ suspected to take place involving:

- a) Abuse of authority;
- b) Breach of contract;
- c) Negligence causing substantial and specific danger to public health and safety;
- d) Manipulation of company data/records;
- e) Financial irregularities, including fraud, or suspected fraud;
- f) Criminal offense;
- g) Pilferation of confidential/propriety information;
- h) Deliberate violation of law/regulation;
- i) Wastage/misappropriation of company funds/assets;
- j) Breach of employee Code of Conduct or Rules; and
- k) Any other unethical, biased, favoured, imprudent event

The above Vigil Mechanism has been approved at the meeting of Board of Directors of the Company. The same will be effective from March 31, 2015.

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

(Sanjay P. Ingale) (Pooja A. Lopes)

**Director Director** 

DIN - 08108264 DIN - 08133373

Place: Nashik Date: 24.05.2018

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited

#### **Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act., read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited Audit Report for the year ended 31 March 2018 Page 2 of 8

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2018, its loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Other Matter**

The comparative financial information of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2017 prepared in accordance with Ind AS, included in these Ind AS financial statements, prior to giving effect to the adjustment described in Note 42 to these IND AS financial statements, have been audited by the predecessor auditor who had audited the financial statements for the relevant period. The report of the predecessor auditor on the comparative financial information dated 26 May 2017 expressed an unmodified opinion.

We have audited the adjustments to reflect the effects of the matters described in Note 42 to restate the financial information as at 1 April 2016 and as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017. In our opinion, such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. We further state that we were not engaged to audit, review or apply any procedures to the financial information of the Company either as at 1 April 2016 or as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 other than with respect to the aforesaid adjustments and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or review conclusion or any other form of assurance on the financial information as at 1 April 2016 and as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 as a whole.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure 1 a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Ammendment) Rules, 2016;

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited Audit Report for the year ended 31 March 2018 Page 3 of 8

- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2018, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2018, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

#### For S.R. Batliboi & CO. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

Sd/-

#### per Anil Jobanputra

Partner

Membership Number: 110759 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: 24 May 2018

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited Audit Report for the year ended 31 March 2018 Page 4 of 8

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 to Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date

Re: Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited ('the Company')

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) Fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given by the management, there are no immovable properties, included in property, plant and equipment of the company and accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The Company's business does not involve inventories and accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities given in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, related to the road tolling business and road work business, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the same.
- (vii) (a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. The provisions relating to salestax, duty of custom and duty of excise are not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, value added tax, Profession tax, Service tax, cess and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of provident

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited Audit Report for the year ended 31 March 2018 Page 5 of 8

fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, value added tax, cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, bank or government. Further, the Company did not have any outstanding dues to debenture holders during the year.
- According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not raised any money way of initial public offer / further public offer / debt instruments and term loans hence, reporting under clause (ix) is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the company or no fraud / material fraud on the company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given by the management, during the year there are no payments made to directors of the company and hence reporting under clause 3(xi) is not applicable and not commented upon.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by the management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence, reporting requirements under clause 3(xiv) are not applicable to the company and, not commented upon.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of Companies Act, 2013.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company.

#### For S.R. Batliboi & CO. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

Sd/-

## per Anil Jobanputra

Partner

Membership Number: 110759

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited Audit Report for the year ended 31 March 2018 Page **6** of **8** 

Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 24 May 2018

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited Audit Report for the year ended 31 March 2018 Page **7** of **8** 

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the financial statements of Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements.

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Limited Audit Report for the year ended 31 March 2018 Page **8** of **8** 

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

#### For S.R. Batliboi & CO. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300005

Sd/-

#### per Anil Jobanputra

Partner

Membership Number: 110759 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: 24 May 2018

## ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED

CIN: U45204DL2011PLC215262



BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2018				(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	Note	As at	As at	As at
LACCETO	No.	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17	01-Apr-16
I ASSETS 1 NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
	2	332.36	200.11	147.91
<ul><li>(a) Property, plant and equipment</li><li>(b) Intangible assets</li></ul>	3	356,128.21	360,497.14	364,036.26
(c) Other non-current assets	4	195.18	350.44	334.85
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	7	356,655.75	361,047.69	364,519.02
2 CURRENT ASSETS				
(a) Financial assets				
(i) Investments	5	<u>-</u>	0.02	2.00
(ii) Trade receivables	6	179.69	15.75	-
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,044.33	838.94	1,006.76
(iv) Other financial assets	8	2.22	1,133.00	1.58
(b) Other current assets	9	112.96	102.26	98.59
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	1,339.20	2,089.97	1,108.93
TOTAL ASSETS		357,994.95	363,137.66	365,627.95
			_	
I EQUITY & LIABILITIES				
1 EQUITY	40	0.40.40	0.40.40	040.40
(a) Equity Share Capital	10	343.42	343.42	343.42
(b) Other Equity	11	(61,947.12)	(44,146.45)	(24,656.42)
(c) Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature	12	25,052.73	24,387.73	18,887.73
Equity Attributable to Owners		(36,550.97)	(19,415.30)	(5,425.27)
TOTAL EQUITY		(36,550.97)	(19,415.30)	(5,425.27)
2 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	13	182,701.93	179,046.47	154,960.06
(ii) Other financial liabilities	14	177,196.80	174,050.97	170,530.51
(b) Provisions	15	8,455.60	4,133.05	1,928.68
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		368,354.33	357,230.49	327,419.25
3 CURRENT LIABILITIES				
(a) Financial liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	16	55.00	463.00	13,521.45
(ii) Trade payables	17	198.95	254.53	171.97
(iii) Other financial liabilities	18	23,231.72	17,532.32	18,927.10
(b) Other current liabilities	19	164.35	26.84	162.28
(c) Provisions	20	2,541.57	7,045.78	10,851.17
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		26,191.59	25,322.47	43,633.97
TOTAL LIABILITIES		394,545.92	382,552.96	371,053.22
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		357,994.95	363,137.66	365,627.95
Significant Accounting Policies	1			

As per our report of even date attached

For S R BATLIBOI & CO LLP **Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

Sd/per Anil Jobanputra

Membership No.: 110759

Partner

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 24, 2018

Sd/-(Milap Raj Bhansali) (Sanjay P. Ingale) Director DIN: 00181897

sd/-Director DIN: 0008108264

Place: Nashik Date: May 24, 2018

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

#### ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED

CIN: U45204DL2011PLC215262

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018



OFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 (KIN			
Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31-Mar-18	For the year ended 31-Mar-17
		OT Wat To	OT MICE 17
I INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	21	32,114.80	26,105.11
Other Income	22	247.70	19.09
Total Income		32,362.50	26,124.20
II EXPENSES:			
Sub-Contract and site expenses	23	6,082.51	3,496.94
Employee Benefits Expenses	24	560.83	450.03
Finance Expenses	25	38,721.06	37,732.73
Depreciation and Amortisation	26	4,480.84	3,614.09
Other Expenses	27	303.03	303.65
Total Expenses		50,148.27	45,597.43
III Profit before Exceptional Items and Tax (	I-II)	(17,785.77)	(19,473.22)
IV Tax Expense:			
Current Tax			
Deferred Tax		_	_
Deletica Tax		-	-
V Profit for the year (III - IV)		(17,785.77)	(19,473.22)
VI Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) :			
(a) Items not to be reclassified subsequently	to profit or loss		
Re-measurement gains/(losses)on defin	•	(14.91)	(16.81)
Income tax effect on above	position production	(· ······)	-
(b) Items to be reclassified subsequently to	orofit or loss	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income		(14.91)	(16.81)
VII Total comprehensive income for the year	(V+VI)	(17,800.68)	(19,490.03)
VIII Earnings per Equity Shares of Nominal Valu	e ₹ 10 each:		
Basic (₹)		(517.91)	(567.05)
Diluted (₹)		(517.91)	(567.05)
Significant Accounting Policies	1		

As per our report of even date attached

For S R BATLIBOI & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Sd/- Sd/-

(Milap Raj Bhansali)

per Anil Jobanputra
Partner

 Partner
 Director
 Director

 Membership No.: 110759
 DIN : 00181897
 DIN : 0008108264

Place: Mumbai Date: May 24, 2018 Place: Nashik Date: May 24, 2018

(Sanjay P. Ingale)

## ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LTD. CIN: U45204DL2011PLC215262 CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2018



Particulars			•	
	March 31,	2018	March 31,	2017
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Profit Before Tax As Per Profit & Loss Account Adjusted For :		(17,785.77)		(19,473.22)
Depreciation and Amortisation	4,480.84		3,614.09	
Profit on sale of investments	(187.80)		(7.29)	
Resurfacing Obligation Cost including schedule maintainence	4,332.93		2,199.33	
Interest expenses	17,620.82		17,528.94	
Unwinding of discount on financials liabilities carried at	19,972.03		19,545.43	
amortised cost related to NHAI Premium IND AS Adjustments	19,972.03		19,545.45	
Bank & Financial Charges	126.17		82.31	
Unwinding of Upfront fees	110.63		109.45	
ZISL discounting	130.79		117.23	
Interest Received	(38.77)		(0.99)	
Acturial Gain and loss	(14.91)		(16.81)	
<del>-</del>	`	28,746.97	· · · · ·	23,698.47
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes Adjusted For :		,		•
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade and Other Receivables	1,111.40		(1,166.43)	
(Decrease)/Increase in Trade and Other Payables	(13,771.96)		(11,195.90)	
·	( -,,	(12,660.56)	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(12,362.33)
Cash generation from Operations Income tax paid	_	16,086.41	_	11,336.14
Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities ( A)		16,086.41	_	11,336.14
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	(244.15)		(127.17)	
Interest Received	38.77		0.99	
Profit on sale of Mutual Funds	187.80		7.29	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities (B)		(17.58)		(118.89)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(45 500 00)		// 2 2 / 2 2 / 2	
Interest Expenses	(15,799.22)		(16,846.84)	
Proceeds of Borrowings Repayment of Borrowings	8,472.79		13,510.00	
Proceeds from issue of Instrument entirely equity in nature	(9,202.04) 665.00		(13,550.20) 5,500.00	
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (C)	003.00	(15,863.47)	5,500.00	(11,387.04)
Not Change in Cook & Cook Equivalents (A. B. C)		005.00	_	(400.00)
Net Change in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		205.36		(169.80)
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year		838.96		1,008.76
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the end of the year		1,044.33		838.96
	_	205.36	_	(169.80)
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances with scheduled banks in current account		942.29		704.92
Cash on hand		942.29 102.04		134.02
Cash on nand Investment in Liquid Mutual Fund		102.04		
Total Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,044.33		0.02 <b>838.96</b>
Total Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents	_	1,044.33	_	030.90

The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) on Cash Flow Statement.

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

As per our report of even date attached For S R BATLIBOI & CO LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

ii i iiiii negistiation Number. 30 1003L/L300003

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

 per Anil Jobanputra
 (Milap Raj Bhansali)
 (Sanjay P. Ingale)

 Partner
 Director
 Director

 Membership No.: 110759
 DIN : 00181897
 DIN : 0008108264

 Place: Mumbai
 Place: Nashik

 Date: May 24, 2018
 Date: May 24, 2018

#### ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Equity of for the year ended March 31, 2018

(All amounts in Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)



#### A Equity Share Capital

Equity shares of INR 10 each issued. subscribed and fully paid	No.	₹ in lakhs
At April 01, 2016	3,434,154	343.42
At March 31, 2017	3,434,154	343.42
At March 31, 2018	3,434,154	343.42

#### **B** Other Equity

(₹ in lakhs)

				(₹ In lakhs)
Particulars	Reserves & Surplus		Other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities premium reserve	Retained earnings	Other items	
Balance as at April 1, 2016	18,544.43	(43,191.22)	(9.64)	(24,656.43)
Premium on Issue of Compulsorily Convertible Debentures				
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	(19,473.22)	-	(19,473.22)
Re-measurement gains / (losses) on defined benefit plans (Net of tax)	-		(16.80)	(16.80)
Balance as at March 31,2017	18,544.43	(62,664.44)	(26.44)	(44,146.45)
Particulars	Reserves & Surplus		Other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities premium reserve	Retained earnings	Other items	
Balance as at March 31,2017	18,544.43	(62,664.44)	(26.44)	(44,146.45)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	(17,785.77)	-	(17,785.77)
Re-measurement gains / (losses) on defined benefit plans (Net of tax)	-	-	(14.91)	(14.91)
Balance as at March 31,2018	18,544.43	(80,450.21)	(41.35)	(61,947.13)

#### C Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature :

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Loans from Holding Company
Balance as at April 1, 2016	18,888
Addition During the Year	5,500
Balance as at 31 March 2017	24,388
Addition During the Year	665
Balance as at 31 March 2018	25,053

As per our report of even date attached

For S R BATLIBOI & CO LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/per Anil Jobanputra Partner

Membership No.: 110759 Place: Mumbai Date: May 24, 2018

Sd/-(Milap Raj Bhansali) **Director** DIN: 00181897

Sd/-(Sanjay P. Ingale) **Director** DIN: 0008108264 Place: Nashik Date: May 24, 2018

# ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

#### Note 1: Corporate Information

Ashoka Dhankuni Kharagpur Tollway Ltd. (the Company) is a Special Purpose Entity incorporated on March 4, 2011 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company's registered office is located at 206, 2nd Floor, 79, Daryaganj, New Delhi-110002 and corporate office is located at Survey No. 861, Ashoka House, Ashoka Marg, Wadala, Nashik, Maharashtra 422011. In pursuance of the contract with the National Highway Authority of India Limited (the Employer) to design, engineer, finance, construct and maintain Dhankuni to Kharagpur Section of NH-6 from km 17.600 to km 129.000 in the state of West Bengal on Build, Operate and Transfer (BOT) basis under NHDP Phase-V. The said BOT contract does not make the Company owner of the road but entitles it to "Toll Collection Rights" in exchange of the construction cost incurred while constructing the road. The concession period is 25 (Twenty Five) Years including estimated construction period of 910 days. The construction of the entire project has been sub-contracted to Ultimate holding company, viz. Ashoka Buildcon Ltd, as an EPC contractor.

### Note 1.1: Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

For all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP).

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments) which have been measured at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in INR and all the values are rounded of to the nearest lacs, except when otherwise indicated.

# Note 1.1.1: Summary of significant accounting policies

# 1.01 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, o
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current assets.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within  $\,$  twelve  $\,$  months  $\,$  after  $\,$  the reporting period,  $\,$  or  $\,$
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for the purpose of current / non current classification of assets and liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

#### 1.02 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilitie.
- Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 -Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company's Management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

Disclosures for valuation methods, significant estimates and assumptions (Refer note 32, 35 and 37)

Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (Refer note 28)

Quantitative disclosure of fair value measurement hierarchy (Refer note 29)

# 1.03 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised

### **Revenue from Rendering of Services**

Revenues from maintenance contracts are recognised pro-rata over the period of the contract as and when services are rendered

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

### **Revenue from Toll Contracts**

Income from toll Collection is recognised on the basis of actual collections. Sale of discounted coupons/swipe card, monthly pass, return pass, daily pass is recognised as income at the time of sale.

### Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rates applicable. For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

### 1.04 Tangible assets

The initial cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including non-refundable purchase taxes, and any directly attributable costs of bringing an asset to working condition and location for its intended use. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

# 1.05 Depreciation on tangible assets

Depreciation on fixed assets is calculated on a written down value method using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives prescribed under the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except as mentioned below:

Sr.	Category of assets	Sub-category of	Useful life as per	Useful life adopted
No.	Category or assets	assets	schedule II	by the company
1	Plant and equipment	Toll Audit Systems	8	5
2	Data processing equipment's	Server	6	3

### 1.06 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at the amounts payable to National Highway Authorities of India (NHAI) for securing toll collection rights. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortised over the period of toll collection right of 1 year on straight line basis. Toll collection rights are amortised over the period of concession, using Revenue Based Amotisation method. Under this method, toll collection rights are amortised based on actual toll revenue in proportion to the projected toll revenue over the toll period. Projections are reviewed at periodic intervals for consistency and appropriateness. Amortisation is revised prospectively in case there is a material change in the Projected Revenue.

# 1.07 Taxes

# Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity . Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

# ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction. affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax as sets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Tax credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay income tax higher than that computed under MAT, during the year that MAT is permitted to be set off under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (specified period). In the year, in which the tax credit becomes eligible to be recognised as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in the guidance note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI), the said asset is created by way of a credit to the Statement of profit and loss and shown as Unused Tax credit. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of unused tax credit to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay income tax higher than MAT during the specified year.

### 1.08 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

# 1.09 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

# 1.10 Borrowing Costs

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

### 1.11 Retirement and other employee benefits

#### i. Defined contribution plan

Retirement benefits in the form of provident fund are a defined contribution scheme and the contributions are charged to the Statement of profit and loss of the period when the employee renders related services. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective authorities.

### ii. Defined benefit plan

The company operates defined benefit plans for its employees "Group gratuity cash accumulation scheme" administered by Life Insurance Corporation of India, gratuity. The costs of providing benefits under these plans are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation at each year-end. Separate actuarial valuation is carried out for plan using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses for defined benefit plan are recognized in full in the period in which they occur in the statement of profit and loss.

### iii. Leave encashment

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilised within the next 12 months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the statement of profit and loss and are not deferred. The company presents the leave as a current liability in the balance sheet, to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date. Where company has the unconditional legal and contractual right to defer the settlement for a period beyond 12 months, the same is presented as non-current liability.

### iv. Remeasurements

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through Profit or Loss in the period in which they occur.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income

## 1.12 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### Financial assets

### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

# ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LIMITED Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories Debt instruments at amortised cost

Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI

Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI

### Debt instruments at amortised cost

A financial assets is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding

This category is the most relevant to the Company. All the Loans and other receivables under financial assets (except Investments) are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value.

After initial measurement such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

### Debt instrument at FVTPL

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has designated certain debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

### **Equity investments**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrumentby- instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&I

### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material lay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

# Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the company could be required to repay.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a. Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.
- b. Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS 18

The company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on

- Trade receivables and
- Other financial assets

### Trade receivable:

The company Management has evaluated the impairment provision requirement under IND AS 109 and has listed down below major facts for trade and other receivables impairment provisioning:

Also the receivable from companies are considered to be good and there are neither been any past instances of default and also management doesn't expect any default in case of Company receivables. Credit risk on trade receivables is limited as toll collection is premairly on cash basis and significant amount of receivables are from NHAI, which is Government promoted Entity having strong credit worthiness.

### Other Financial Assets:

Other Financial Assets mainly consists of Loans to employees and Security Deposit and other deposits, interest accrued on Fixed Deposits, loans to related party, Deposit money receivable from NHAI, and other receivables and advances measured at amortised cost.

Following are the policy for specific financial assets:

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Type of financial asset	
Security Deposit	Security deposit is in the nature of
	statutory deposits like electricity,
	telephone deposits. Since they are
	kept with Government bodies, there is
	low risk.

### **Financial Liabilities**

# Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, trade payables and other payables.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and other payables.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below

# Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. However, the company has borrowings at floating rates. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the transaction cost amortisation process.

This category generally applies to borrowings.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

## Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## 1.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term investments, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

# 1.14 Earning per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

# 1.15 Segment information

The Company is engaged in "Road Infrastructure Projects" which in the context of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 is the only segment. The Company's activities are restricted within India and hence no separate geographical segment disclosure is considered necessary.

# 1.16 Provision for Resurfacing obligations

The Company provides for contractual obligations to restore the infrastructure at periodic intervals. Provisions are measured based on management's estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date and are discounted using a rate that reflects the time value of money. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. The same is reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjustments if any to the carrying amount is provided for accordingly.

In case of service concession arrangements classified as financial assets, expenses recognised in the period in which such costs are actually incurred.

# NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# Property, plant and equipment

Note: 2

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	Gross Block			Accumulated depreciation and impairment				Carrying Amount	
	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Disposals / Adjustments	Balance as at March 31, 2018	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Deductions/ Adjustments	Depreciation expense	Balance as at March 31, 2018	Balance as at March 31, 2018
Property plant and equipment									
Data processing equipment's	2.59	0.75	-	3.34	1.70	=	0.58	2.28	1.05
Office equipment's	16.61	17.94	-	34.55	9.90	-	5.87	15.77	18.78
Plant & Equipment	43.32	-	-	43.32	14.26	-	5.26	19.52	23.80
Toll Audit System	272.49	226.06	(3.49)	495.06	123.57	(2.87)	95.54	216.24	278.82
Vehicles	31.43	-	-	31.43	16.88	-	4.65	21.53	9.90
Total	366.44	244.75	(3.49)	607.71	166.31	(2.87)	111.91	275.34	332.36

### Note: 3

(₹ In Lakh)

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Particulars	Gross Block			Accumulated amortisation and impairment				Carrying Amount	
	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Additions	Disposals / Adjustments	Balance as at March 31, 2018	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Deductions/ Adjustments	Depreciation expense	Balance as at March 31, 2018	Balance as at March 31, 2018
Intangible assets									
License to collect Toll / Tariff	368,035.22	-	-	368,035.22	7,538.08	-	4,368.93	11,907.01	356,128.21
Total	368,035.22	-	-	368,035.22	7,538.08	-	4,368.93	11,907.01	356,128.21



Note: 2 (₹ In Lakh)

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Particulars		Gross Block			Accumulated depreciation and impairment				Carrying Amount
	Balance as at April 1, 2016	Additions	Disposals / Adjustments	Balance as at March 31, 2017	Balance as at April 1, 2016	Deductions/ Adjustments	Depreciation expense	Balance as at March 31, 2017	Balance as at March 31, 2017
Property plant and equipment									
Data processing equipment's	2.22	0.37	-	2.59	1.14	-	0.56	1.70	0.89
Office equipment's	13.24	3.37	-	16.61	5.70	-	4.20	9.90	6.71
Plant & Equipment	43.32	-	=	43.32	7.84	=	6.42	14.26	29.05
Toll audit System	149.06	123.43	-	272.49	66.62	-	56.95	123.57	148.91
Vehicles	31.43	-	-	31.43	10.05	-	6.83	16.88	14.55
Total	239.27	127.17	-	366.44	91.35	-	74.96	166.31	200.11

Note: 3 (₹ In Lakh)

		Gros	s Block			Accumulated amortisation and impairment			
Particulars	Balance as at April 1, 2016	Additions	Disposals / Adjustments	Balance as at March 31, 2017	Balance as at April 1, 2016	Deductions/ Adjustments	Depreciation expense	Balance as at March 31, 2017	Balance as at March 31, 2017
Intangible assets									
License to collect Toll / Tariff	368,035.22	-	-	368,035.22	3,998.96	-	3,539.12	7,538.08	360,497.14
Total	368,035.22	-	-	368,035.22	3,998.96	-	3,539.12	7,538.08	360,497.14

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



4 Other Non Current Asset (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
(A) Capital Advance	-	-	3.91
(B) Advances Recoverable other than in Cash:			
Trade Deposits			
Secured Considered Good	45.84	44.87	37.23
(C) Others:			
Advance Income Tax	100.62	257.52	257.52
Duties & Taxes Recoverable	48.72	48.05	36.19
Total :::::	195.18	350.44	334.85

5 INVESTMENTS (CURRENT) (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Investment in Mutual Funds			
Taurus Liquid Fund-Existing Plan-Super Insti Growth	-	0.01	1.00
Taurus Liquid Fund-Existing Plan-Super Insti Growth-DSRA	-	0.01	1.00
Total :::::	-	0.02	2.00

# 6 Trade Receivables-Current (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Unsecured:			
Considered good - Others	179.68	15.75	-
Considered good - Related Party	-		-
Considered doubtful	-		-
Total :::::	179.69	15.75	

# 7 Cash and cash equivalents (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Cash & Cash Equivalents			
Cash on hand	102.04	134.02	112.06
Balances with Banks			
On Current account ***	942.29	654.88	894.70
Deposits with Original maturity less than 3 months	-	50.04	=
Sub Total :::::	1,044.33	838.94	1,006.76
Total :::::	1,044.33	838.94	1,006.76

# 8 Other Financial Asset - Current (₹ In Lakh)

			. ,
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Advances Recoverable other than in Cash	2.22	1,133.00	1.58
Total :::::	2.22	1,133.00	1.58

# 9 Other Current Asset (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Others			
Prepaid Expenses	105.37	102.26	91.80
Advance Gratuity	7.59	-	6.79
Total :::::	112.96	102.26	98.59

# 10 Equity Share Capital

# (I) Authorised Capital:

Authoriseu Capital.	authorised Capital.						
		As at 31-Mar-18		As at 31-Mar-17		As at 1-Apr-16	
Class of Shares	Par Value (₹)	No. of Shares	Amount (₹ In Lakh)	No of Shares	Amount (₹ In Lakh)	No of Shares	Amount (₹ In Lakh)
Equity Shares	10	4,950,000	495.00	4,950,000	495.00	4,950,000	495.00
Total :::::			495.00		495.00		495.00

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



(II) Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital (Fully Paid-up):

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			As at 31-Mar-18 As at 3		I-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16		
	Class of Shares	Par Value (₹)	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
			No. of Shales	(₹ In Lakh)	NO. OI SHAFES	(₹ In Lakh)	No. of Shares	(₹ In Lakh)
E	Equity Shares	10	3,434,154	343.42	3,434,154	343.42	3,434,154	343.42
[	Γotal :::::			343.42	•	343.42		343.42

(III) Reconciliation of Number of Shares Outstanding:

Class of Shares	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
0.000 0. 000	Equity Shares	Equity Shares	Equity Shares
Outstanding as at beginning of the period	3,434,154	3,434,154	3,434,154
Addition during the period	-	-	-
Matured during the period	=	-	=
Outstanding as at end of the period	3,434,154	3,434,154	3,434,154

(IV)  $\underline{\text{Details of shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:}$ 

Class of Shares	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Stade of Offices	Equity Shares	Equity Shares	Equity Shares
Ashoka Concessions Ltd (Holding Company)	3,434,148	3,434,148	3,434,148

# (V) Terms/rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of share capital, i.e., equity shares having face value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

11 Other Equity (₹ In Lakh)

Other Equity			(VIII Lakii)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Security Premium Reserve			
Balance as per Last balance Sheet	18,544.43	18,544.43	18,544.43
Addition During the Year	-	=	=
Deduction During the year	-	=	-
As at end of year	18,544.43	18,544.43	18,544.43
Surplus / Retained Earnings			
Balance as per Last balance Sheet	(62,664.43)	(43,191.21)	62.07
Addition During the Year	(17,785.77)	(19,473.22)	(43,253.28)
Deduction During the year	-	=	-
Amount available for appropriations	(80,450.20)	(62,664.43)	(43,191.21)
As at end of year	(80,450.20)	(62,664.43)	(43,191.21)
Other Compressive Income			
Balance as per Last balance Sheet	(26.45)	(9.64)	(2.70)
Actuarial Gain/ (Loss) on defined benefit plan	(14.91)	(16.80)	(6.94)
As at end of year	(41.35)	(26.45)	(9.64)
Gross Total ::::	(61,947.12)	(44,146.45)	(24,656.42)

# 12 Instrument Entirely Equity in nature

# (a) Loans from Holding Company

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Balance as per Last balance Sheet	24,387.73	18,887.73	18,887.73
Addition During the Year	665.00	5,500.00	-
Deduction During the year		-	-
Total :::::	25,052.73	24,387.73	18,887.73

13 Borrowings - Non Current (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
(A)Secured - at amortized cost			
(i)Term loans			
- from banks	130,279.86	121,214.08	109,796.65
- from others	29,208.02	38,423.46	36,525.97
Sub Total ::::	159.487.88	159.637.54	146.322.62
	100,101.00	100,001.101	
(B)Unsecured - at amortized cost			
(i) Loans from related parties (Refer Note No. 43 On Related Party Disclosure)			
Ashoka Concessions Ltd (Holding Company)	1,261.07	1,180.28	1,013.05
(ii) NHAI Deffered Payment Liability	21,952.98	18,228.65	7,624.40
Sub Total ::::	23,214.05	19,408.93	8,637.45
Gross Total ::::	182,701.93	179,046.47	154,960.06

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



(a) Terms of Repayments:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Lender	Nature of Loan	EMI Amount (In ₹ Lakh)	Mode of Repayment	Interest Type	Rate of Interest	Maturity Date
1	Secured						
	From Banks						
	Axis Bank Ltd	Project Loan	4.91 - 576.80	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	
	Central Bank of India	Project Loan	1.25 - 141.67	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	
	Corporation Bank	Project Loan	2.31 - 261.38	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	
	Dena Bank	Project Loan	1.15 - 130.69	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	
	Indian Overseas Bank	Project Loan	2.30 - 261.38	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	1
	Union Bank of India	Project Loan	2.30 - 261.36	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	June 1, 2015 to
	Oriental Bank of Commerce	Project Loan	1.25 - 141.67	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	March 31, 2028
	ICICI Bank Ltd	Project Loan	1.15 - 130.69	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	
	From Others						_
	India Infrastracture Finance Company Ltd	Project Loan	4.00 - 453.33	119 Installments	Variable Rate	MCLR + Spread	
2	Unsecured						
	Ashoka Concessions Ltd. (Holding Company)	Project Loan	1,261.07	Repayble on Mar-31-2019	Interest Free		March 31, 2019
	National Highway Authority of India (NHAI)	Deferment of NHAI Premium (Revenue Shortfall)	Repayable based on Operational Cash Flows available upto 2030.		Floating Rate	RBI Bank Rate + Spread	Repayble based on Operational Cash Flows available upto 2030

14 Other Financial Liabilities - Non Current

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
NHAI Premium payable-due after 12 months	177,196.80	174,050.97	170,530.51
Total :::::	177,196.80	174,050.97	170,530.51

15 Provisions - Non Current

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Provision for Major Maintenance	8,455.60	4,122.67	1,923.34
Provision for Employee's Benefits:			
Provision for compensated Absences	-	10.27	5.34
Provision for Gratuity	-	0.11	-
Total ::::	8,455,60	4 133 05	1 928 68

16 Borrowings - Current

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Unsecured - at amortized cost			
Loans from related parties -Ashoka Concessions Ltd (Holding Company)	55.00	463.00	13,521.45
Total ::::	55.00	463.00	13,521.45

17 Trade Payables - Current

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Trade Payables:			
Micro, Small& Medium Enterprises			
Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	-	-	
Others	198.95	254.53	171.97
Total ::::	198.95	254.53	171.97

# 18 Other Financial liabilities - Current

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt (Refer Note No 13)	226.99	237.94	162.55
Interest Accrued but not due	327.31	-	312.62
NHAI Premium Payable due within 12 Months	15,485.48	14,748.07	14,045.78
Trade Payable - Capital			
Related Party	7,126.89	2,535.81	4,405.63
Others:	65.06	10.50	0.52
Total ::::	23,231.72	17,532.32	18,927.10

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



19 Other current liabilities (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Advance from Customers	-	0.21	-
Duties & Taxes	164.35	26.63	162.28
Total ::::	164.35	26.84	162.28

20 Provisions - Current (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-18	As at 31-Mar-17	As at 1-Apr-16
Provision for Compensated Absences	10.50	0.52	1.78
Provision for Construction Obligation	2,531.07	7,045.26	10,849.39
Total ::::	2,541.57	7,045.78	10,851.17

21 Revenue From Operations (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18	For the Year ended 31-Mar-17
(A) Contract Revenue:		
Add: Contract Revenue	348.85	376.83
(B) Toll Collection	31,765.95	25,728.28
Total ::::	32,114.80	26,105.11

22 Other Income (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18	For the Year ended 31-Mar-17
Interest Income on financials assets carried at Cost/Amortised Cost:		
Interest on Bank Deposits	38.77	0.99
Profit on sale of Investments	187.80	7.29
Miscellaneous Income	21.13	10.82
Total :::::	247.70	19.09

23 Sub-Contract and site expenses (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
raniculais	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17
Material Purchase	1.58	2.24
Sub-contracting Charges	1,606.88	1,002.17
Transport and Material Handling Charges	0.93	1.16
Repair to Machineries	32.42	17.03
Power & Water Charges	361.43	178.71
Technical Consultancy Charges	145.65	166.90
Security / Service Charges	367.05	278.78
Major Maintenance expenses	3,566.58	1,849.96
Total :::::	6,082.51	3,496.94

24 Employee Benefits Expenses (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18	For the Year ended 31-Mar-17
Colorina Wares and Allausanes	505.52	200.10
Salaries, Wages and Allowances Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	37.80	396.13 32.24
Contribution to Defined Benefit Plan	8.76	8.49
Staff Welfare Expenses	8.75	13.17
Total :::::	560.83	450.03

Refer note no. 34 for details of Defined contribution scheme and defined benefit plan

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



25 Finance Expenses (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18	For the Year ended 31-Mar-17
Interest on Loans	17,620.82	17,528.94
Financial Charges	126.17	82.31
Unwinding of provision for major maintenance	766.35	349.37
Unwinding of provisions for NHAI Premium and others	20,207.72	19,772.11
Total :::::	38,721.06	37,732.73

26 Depreciation And Amortisation (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31-Mar-18	For the Year ended 31-Mar-17
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	111.91	74.97
Amortisation on intangible fixed assets	4,368.93	3,539.12
Total :::::	4,480.84	3,614.09

27 Other Expenses (₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	For the Year end 31-Mar-18	For the Year ended 31-Mar-17
Rent Rates & Taxes	5.	00 4.49
Insurance	99.	07 87.57
Printing and Stationery	8.	13 8.28
Travelling & Conveyance	3.	59 2.19
Communication expenses	6.	33 7.23
Vehicle Running Charges	19.	02 15.40
Legal & Professional Fees	30.	62 45.57
Auditor's Remuneration	7.	67 6.10
Toll Plaza Expenses	85.	51 33.86
Miscellaneous Expenses	33.	55 11.14
Dimunition in value of current investments	-	79.03
Advertisement & Business Promotion	4.	54 2.79
Total ::::	303.	03 303.65

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

### Note 28 : Financial Instruments – Fair Values And Risk Management

The carrying values of financials instruments of the Company are as follows:-

			(₹ In Lakh)
	Carrying amount		
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	April 01, 2016
Financial assets			
Financial assets measured at amortised cost			
Trade receivable	179.69	15.75	_
Cash and cash equivalents	1,044.33	838.94	1,006.76
Other Financial Assets	2.22	1,133.00	1.58
Financial assets mandatory measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)			
Investments	-	0.02	2.00
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Borrowings	182,983.92	179,747.41	168,644.06
Trade payable	198.95	254.53	171.97
Others financial liabilities	200,201.53	191,345.35	189,295.06

### Note 29: Fair Value Hierarchy

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2018:

(₹ In Lakh)

				(\ III Lakii)
Particulars	As at	Fair value measurement at end of the repor		
	March 31, 2018		period/year using	J
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Investments measured at FVTPL	-	-	-	-

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2017:

(₹ In Lakh)

				(X III Eakii)
Particulars	As at	Fair value meas	surement at end of	of the reporting
	March 31, 2017	ŗ	period/year using	1
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Investments measured at FVTPL	0.02	0.02	-	-

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of April 1, 2016:

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	As at April 01, 2016		urement at end eriod/year using	of the reporting
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Investments measured at FVTPL	2.00	2.00	-	-

# Valuation technique used to determine fair value:

Investments included in Level 1 of Fair Value Hierarchy are based on prices quoted in stock exchange and/or NAV declared by the Funds. Investments included in Level 2 of Fair Value Hierarchy have been valued based on inputs from banks and other recognised institutions such as FIMMDA/FEDAI.

Investments included in Level 3 of Fair Value Hierarchy have been valued using acceptable valuation techniques such as Net Asset Value and/or Discounted Cash Flow Method.

# Note 30: Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

- The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:
- a) Credit risk:
- b) Liquidity risk: and
- c) Market risk:

# a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and loans and advances.

Credit risk on trade receivables is limited as toll collection is premairly on cash basis and significant amount of receivables are from NHAI, which is Government promoted Entity having strong credit worthiness.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

The exposure to credit risk for trade and other receivables by type of counterparty was as follows:

Financial assets			(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	April 01, 2016
Investments	-	0.02	2.00
Trade receivable	179.69	15.75	-
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding Cash in Hand)	942.29	704.92	894.70
Other Financial Assets	2.22	1,133.00	1.58
Total financial assets carried at amortised cost	1.124.20	1.853.69	898.28

### Credit Risk Exposure

The exposure

		( <b>₹ In</b> Lakh)
Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Form Government Promoted Agencies NHAI	155.87	1,132
Others	23.81	15.75
Total	179.68	1,147.69

Management believes that the unimpaired amounts which are past due are collectible in full.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents of Rs 942.29 Lakhs at March 31, 2018 (March 31, 2017: Rs 704.92 Lakhs, March 31, 2016: Rs 894.70 Lakhs). The cash and cash equivalents are held with scheduled bank and financial institutions counterparties with good credit rating.

### b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that toll collections may not be collected as per projections resulting in difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company manages liquidity risk by having access to funding which is fully supported by committed funding loan in Holding Company/ Ultimate Holding Company through an adequate amount of committed credit lines. Management regularly monitors the position of cash and cash equivalents vis-àvis projections. Assessment of maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities including debt financing plans and maintenance of Balance Sheet liquidity ratios are considered while reviewing the liquidity position.

				(₹ In Lakh)
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 Years	Total
As at March 31, 2018				
Borrowings	281.99	1,261.07	181,440.86	182,983.92
Trade payables	198.95	-	-	198.95
Others	23,004.73	89,473.86	87,722.94	200,201.53
	23,485.67	90,734.93	269,163.80	383,384.40
As at March 31, 2017				
Borrowings	700.94	1,180.28	177,866.19	179,747.41
Trade payables	254.53			254.53
Others	17,294.38	52,832.56	121,218.41	191,345.35
	18,249.84	54,012.84	299,084.60	371,347.28
As at April 1, 2016	·			_
Borrowings	13,996.62	24,229.53	130,730.54	168,956.68
Trade payables	4,496.63			4,496.63
Others	18,764.55	38,844.44	131,686.06	189,295.05
	37,257.80	63,073.97	262,416.60	362,748.37

### c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk:

- i. Currency risk
- ii. Interest rate risk
- iii. Other price risk such as Commodity risk and Equity price risk.

# **Currency Risk**

Since the company's operations are exclusively in Indian Rupees, the company's is not exposed to Currency Risk

# Interest Rate Risk

As infrastructure development and construction business is capital intensive, the company is exposed to interest rate risks. The company's infrastructure development and construction projects are funded to a large extent by debt and any increase in interest expense may have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition. The company current debt facilities carry interest at variable rates with the provision for periodic reset of interest rates. As of March 31, 2018, the majority of the company indebtedness was subject to variable interest rates.

The interest rate risk exposure is mainly from changes in floating interest rates. The interest rate are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statement of the Company. The following table analyse the breakdown of the financial assets and liabilities by type of interest rate:

			(₹ In Lakh)
	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	April 01, 2016
Variable Interest bearing			
- Borrowings	159,714.87	159,875.48	146,485.17
- NHAI Deffered Payment	21,952.98	18,228.65	7,624.40
Interest rate sensitivity			

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

		(₹ In Lakh)
Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Increase in basis points	50 bps	50 bps
Effect on profit before tax	(899.43)	(830.53)
Decrease in basis points	50 bps	50 bps
Effect on profit before tax	899.43	830.53

#### Note 31: Leases

#### Disclosures pursuant to Ind AS 17 "Leases"

The company has various operating leases for equipments and premises, the leases are renewable on periodic basis and cancellable in nature.

(₹ In Lakh)

Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Amount charge to the statement of profit & loss in respect of lease rental expense for operating leases	1.66	1.99

### Note 32 : Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

		(₹ In Lakh)
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent for basic earnings	(17,785.77)	(19,473.22)
	Nos.	Nos.
Total Number of Equity Shares Outstanding	3,434,154	3,434,154
Weighted average number of Equity shares (Basic)	3,434,148	3,434,148
Weighted average number of Equity shares (Diluted)	3,434,148	3,434,148
Earnings Per Share		
Basic and diluted earning per share	(517.91)	(567.05)
Diluted earning per share	(517.91)	(567.05)

### Note 33: Components of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

The disaggregation of changes to OCI by each type of reserve in equity is shown below:

(₹ In Lakh)

	Retained	Retained Earnings	
During the year ended	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	
Re-measurement gains / (losses) on defined benefit plans	(14.91)	(16.81)	
	(14.91)	(16.81)	

# Note 34 : Employee benefit plans

# (a) Defined contribution plan

Contribution to Provident Fund is charged to accounts on accrual basis. The Company operates a defined contribution scheme with recognized provident fund. For this Scheme, contributions are made by the company, based on current salaries, to recognized Fund maintained by the company. In case of Provident Fund scheme, contributions are also made by the employees. An amount of ₹ 22.43 Lakh (Previous Period ₹ 20.38 Lakh) has been charged to the Profit & Loss Account on account of this defined contribution scheme.

The following amount recognized as an expense in Statement of profit and loss on account of provident fund and other funds. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective authorities.

	Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Contribution to Provident Fund		22.43	20.38

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions to the provident fund are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year when the contributions are due. The company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

## (b) Defined benefit plan

# (i) Gratuity

The Gratuity benefit is funded through a defined benefit plan. For this purpose the Company has obtained a qualifying insurance policy from Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The Company operates one defined plan of gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed atleast five years of service gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with an Life Insurance Corporation of India in the form of qualifying insurance policy.

The following tables summaries the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity plan:

		(₹ In Lakh)
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Statement of profit and loss		
Net employee benefit expense recognised in the employee cost		
Current service cost	7.67	7.22
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	2.26	1.93
Interest Income on plan assets	(2.78)	(2.11)
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in profit & loss	7.15	7.04
Remeasurment - due to financials assumptions	-	2.72
Remeasurment - due to experience adjustment	(1.31)	(5.88)
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	0.32	0.32
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	(0.99)	(2.84)
Total Defined Benefits Cost recognised in P&L and OCI	6.16	4.20
Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Defined benefit obligation	38.72	30.10
Fair value of plan assets	46.31	29.99
Funded Status	7.59	(0.11)
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:		
Opening defined benefit obligation	24.10	24.10
Current service cost	7.67	7.22
Past service cost		
Interest cost	2.26	1.93
Remeasurment - due to financials assumptions	-	2.72
Remeasurment - due to experience adjustment	(1.31)	(5.88)
Closing defined benefit obligation	32.72	30.10
Changes in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows:		
Opening fair value of plan assets	28.20	28.20
Interest Income	2.78	2.11
Remeasurment gain/(loss):		
Contrubution from employer	14.14	-
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	(0.60)	(0.32)
Benefits paid Closing defined benefit obligation	44.52	29.99
	11102	
Net assets/(liability) is bifurcated as follows : Current	0.71	0.28
Non-current	38.01	29.82
Net liability	38.72	30.10
rect naturely	30.72	30.10

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligation for the company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Discount rate	7.50%	7.50%
Mortality rate	Indian assured	Indian assured
	lives mortality	lives mortality
	(2006 -08)	(2006 -08) ultimate
	ultimate	
Salary escalation rate (p.a.)	7.00%	7.00%
Disability Rate (as % of above mortality rate)	5.00%	5.00%
Withdrawal Rate	1.00%	1.00%
Normal Retirement Age	58 Years	58 Years
Average Future Service	24.84	25.01

The sensitivity analysis below have been determine based on reasonably possible change of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars	March 3	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	Increase Decrease		Increase Decrease		
Salary escalation (100 basis point movement)	46.75	32.22	36.64	24.85	
Discount rate (100 basis point movement)	32.45	46.58	24.96	36.62	
Attrition rate (100 basis point movement)	39.03	38.33	30.16	29.94	

# Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, is based on inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been significant change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market scenario.

#### (ii) Leave encashment

The Company provides benefits to its employees under the Leave Encashment pay plan which is a non-contributory defined benefit plan. The employees of the Company are entitled to receive certain benefits in lieu of the annual leave not availed of during service, at the time of leaving the services of the Company. The benefits payable are expressed by means of formulae which takes into account the Salary and the leave balance to the credit of the employees on the date of exit.

The company operates one defined plan of gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure @ 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with an Life Insurance Corporation of India in the form of qualifying insurance policy.

The following tables summaries the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity plan:

		(₹ In Lakh)
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Statement of profit and loss		
Net employee benefit expense recognised in the employee cost		
Current service cost	1.45	1.50
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	-	-
Interest Income on plan assets	-	
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in profit & loss	1.45	1.50
Remeasurment - due to demographic assumptions	-	-
Remeasurment - due to financials assumptions	-	0.70
Remeasurment - due to experience adjustment	15.62	16.18
Return on plan assets excluding interest income		-
Components of Defined benefits cost recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	15.62	16.89
Total Defined Benefits Cost recognised in P&L and OCI	17.08	18.39
Amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Defined benefit obligation	10.50	10.79
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Funded Status	(10.50)	(10.79)
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:		
Opening defined benefit obligation	10.79	7.12
Current service cost	1.45	1.50
Past service cost		
Benefit Payments from Employer	(17.52)	(14.72)
Interest Cost	0.15	-
Remeasurment - due to financials assumptions	-	0.70
Remeasurment - due to experience adjustment	15.62	16.18
Benefits paid		-
Closing defined benefit obligation	10.50	10.79
Net assets/(liability) is bifurcated as follows :		
Current	10.50	0.52
Non-current		10.27
Net liability	10.50	10.79

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity benefit obligation for the company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Discount rate	7.50%	8.00%
Mortality rate	Indian assured	Indian assured
	lives mortality	lives mortality
	(2006 -08) (Mod.)	(2006 -08) (Mod.)
	ultimate Mortailty	ultimate Mortailty
Salary escalation rate (p.a.)	7.00%	7.00%
Disability Rate (as % of above mortality rate)	5.00%	5.00%
Normal Retirement Age	58 Years	58 Years
Leave Encashment Rate during employment	2.00%	2.00%
Leave Availment Rate	0.50%	0.50%

The sensitivity analysis below have been determine based on reasonably possible change of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars	March 3	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
Salary escalation (100 basis point movement)	12.16	9.13	12.47	9.40	
Discount rate (100 basis point movement)	9.19	12.11	9.45	12.44	
Attrition rate (100 basis point movement)	10.58	10.41	10.80	10.77	

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, is based on inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been significant change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market scenario.

Note 35 : Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 37 - "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets"

Particulars	Provisions		
	Provision for	Provision for	Total
	Resurfacing	Construction	
	obligations	Obligation	
Balance as at April 01, 2017	4,122.67	7,045.26	11,167.93
Additional provisions made during the year	4,332.93	-	4,332.93
Provision used/reversed during the year	-	(4,514.19)	(4,514.19)
Balance as at March 31, 2018	8.455.60	2.531.07	10.986.67

Particulars	Provisions		
	Provision for	Provision for	Total
	Resurfacing	Construction	
	obligations	Obligation	
Balance as at April 01, 2016	1,923.34	10,849.39	12,772.73
Additional provisions made during the year	2,199.33		2,199.33
Provision used/reversed during the year		(3,804.13)	(3,804.13)
Balance as at March 31, 2017	4,122.67	7,045.26	11,167.93

# Nature of Provisions:

i.Provision for Resurfacing obligations: Contractual rectification cost represents the estimated cost the Company is likely to incur during defect liability period as per the contract obligations in respect of completed construction contracts accounted under Ind AS 11 "Construction Contracts"

ii. Provision for EPC Work: - The Company has made the provisions for balance work as per EPC contract on the date of capitalization.

Note 36: Auditors' remuneration (excluding service tax/GST)

			(₹ In Lakh
Sr. No.	Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
1	Audit Fees	6.50	5.05
2	Other Services	-	0.29
3	Service Tax/GST on above	1.17	0.76
	Total	7.67	6.10

# Note 37: Contingent liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for)

	( > 1	II Lakii)
April	01,	2016

Sr. No.	Particulars	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	April 01, 2016
(i)	Commitments:			
	Commitment to resurface the road	Uncertained	Uncertained	Uncertained

The Company does not expect any outflow of economic resources in respect of the above and therefore no provision is made in respect thereof.

# Note 38: Related party disclosure as required by Ind AS 24 are given below:

# 1. Name of the Related Parties and Description of Relationship:

- (A) List of Related Parties
- (a) Holding Company
- 1 Ashoka Buildcon Ltd. (Ultimate Holding Company)
- 2 Ashoka Concessions Ltd.(Holding Company)
- (b) Key Management Personnel
- 1 Sanjay P. Ingale (Director)
- 2 Milap Raj Bhansali (Director)
- 3 Pooja A. Lopes (Director)
- (c) Fellow Subsidiaries
- 1 Viva Highways Ltd.
- 2 Ashoka Infraways Ltd.
- 3 Ashoka Infrastructures
- 4 Ashoka Infrastructure Ltd.
- 5 Ashoka High-Way Ad.
- 6 Ashoka-DSC Katni Bypass Road Ltd.
- 7 Ashoka Highways (Bhandara) Ltd.
- 8 Ashoka Highways (Durg) Ltd.
- 9 Ashoka Pre-Con Pvt. Ltd.
- 10 Ashoka Technologies Pvt. Ltd.
- 11 Ashoka Sambalpur Baragarh Tollway Ltd.
- 12 Ashoka Belgaum Dharwad Tollway Limited

- 13 Ashoka Cuttack Angul Tollway Ltd.
- 14 Viva Infrastructure Ltd.
- 15 Ashoka GVR Mudhol Nipani Roads Ltd
- 16 Ashoka Bagewadi Saundati Roads Ltd.
- 17 Ashoka Hungund Talikot Roads Ltd.
- 18 Ashoka Highway Research Cenetre Pvt Ltd
- 19 Ashoka Path Nirman (Nasik) Pvt Ltd
- 20 Unison Enviro Pvt Ltd
- 21 Blue Feather Infotech Pvt Ltd
- 22 Ratnagiri Natural gas Pvt Ltd
- 23 Endurance Road Developers Pvt Ltd

#### 2. Transaction during the Year

### Sub-contract Charges :-

		Jub contract charges .			
ſ	Sr.No	Party Name	Description	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
ı	31.140	raity Name	Description	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
ſ	1	Ashoka Buildcon Ltd.	Ultimate Holding Company	4,808.45	4,180.95

#### Routine Maintenance Exp :-

	noutine manifemance Exp .			
Sr.No	Party Name	Description	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
31.140	raity Naille	Description	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
1	Ashoka Concesions Ltd.	Holding Company	1.120.77	529.07

### Purchase of Material / assets :-

Sr.No	Party Name	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018	For the Year Ended March 31, 2017
1	Ashoka Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	10.53

### Toll Monitoring Service :-

	Ton Montoning Screece.				
Sr.No	Party Name	Description	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended	
Sr.NO	Party Name	Description	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	
1	Ashoka Concessions Ltd.	Holding Company	30.97	27.58	

# Loan taken during the year :-

Sr.No	Party Name	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018	For the Year Ended March 31, 2017
1	shoka Concessions Ltd. Holding Company		665.00	6,013.00

# Loan paid during the year

Sr.No	Party Name	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018	For the Year Ended March 31, 2016
1	Ashoka Concessions Ltd.	Holding Company	458.00	1,352.21

### Finance Cost :-

Sr.No	Party Name	Description	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018	For the Year Ended March 31, 2017	
1	Ashoka Concessions Ltd.	Holding Company	130.79	117.23	

# 3. Outstanding Balances as on 31.03.2018:

# **Outstanding Payables:**

# Loan Taken :-

1 Ashalia Canassiana Ital Halding Canassia	
1 Ashoka Concessions Ltd. Holding Company 1,316.07 1,180.28	1,013.05

# Instrument Entirely Equity in nature - Loan Taken :-

	Sr.No	Party Name	Description	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2016
ſ	1	Ashoka Concessions Ltd.	Holding Company	25,052.73	24,387.73	18,887.73

# Payable to Contractor & Service Provider :-

Sr.No	Party Name	Description	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2016
1	Ashoka Concessions Ltd.	Holding Company	-	88.87	41.71
2	Ashoka Technologies Pvt Ltd.	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	0.48	

# ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LTD. Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

#### Note 39: Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, instrument entirely equity in nature, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions or its business requirements. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the period ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017.

			(₹ In Lakh)
	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	April 01, 2016
Borrowings	182,756.93	179,509.47	168,481.51
Less: cash and cash equivalents (Note 10)	1,044.33	838.94	1,006.76
Net debt	181,712.60	178,670.53	167,474.75
Equity	(36,550.97)	(19,415.30)	(5,425.27)
Total sponsor capital	(36,550.97)	(19,415.30)	(5,425.27)
Capital and net debt	145,161.63	159,255.23	162,049.48
Gearing ratio (%)	125.18%	112.19 %	103.35%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims *to* ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current year. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2018, year ended March 31, 2017 and April 01, 2016.

# Note 40 : Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006 : :

There are no Micro and Small Enterprises as defined in the Micro and Small Enterprises Development Act, 2006 to whom the company owes dues on account of principal amount together with interest and accordingly no additional disclosured have been made. The above information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties has been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

### Note 41 : Events after reporting period : :

No subsequent event has been observed which may required on adjustment to the balance sheet.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

Note 42 Restated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017 and as at 1st April, 2016

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017

Standardie Balance Sneet as at \$15t March, 2017	No.	Reported Amount 31-Mar-17	Restatements	Restated Amount 31-Mar-17
I ASSETS				
1 NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
(a) Property, plant and equipment		200.11	-	200.11
(b) Intangible assets	1	385,261.92	(24,764.78)	360,497.14
(c) Other non-current assets		350.44	-	350.44
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		385,812.47	(24,764.78)	361,047.69
2 CURRENT ASSETS				
(a) Financial assets				
(i) Investments		0.02	-	0.02
(ii) Trade receivables		15.75	-	15.75
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents		838.94	-	838.94
(iv) Other financial assets		1,133.00	-	1,133.00
(b) Other current assets		102.26	-	102.26
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		2,089.97	-	2,089.97
TOTAL ASSETS		387,902.44	(24,764.77)	363,137.68
I EQUITY & LIABILITIES 1 EQUITY				
(a) Equity Share Capital		343.42	-	343.42
(b) Other Equity	1	(18,512.59)	(25,633.86)	(44,146.45)
(c) Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature		24,387.73	-	24,387.73
Equity Attributable to Owners		6,218.56	(25,633.86)	(19,415.30)
TOTAL EQUITY		6,218.56	(25,633.86)	(19,415.30)
2 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings		179,046.47	-	179,046.47
(ii) Other financial liabilities		174,050.97	-	174,050.97
(b) Provisions		4,133.05	<u> </u>	4,133.05
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		357,230.49	-	357,230.49
3 CURRENT LIABILITIES				
(a) Financial liabilities		463.00		462.00
(i) Borrowings	2	463.00	(2.456.24)	463.00
(ii) Trade payables (iii) Financial Guarantee liabilities	2	2,710.77	(2,456.24)	254.53
, ,	2	15.036.00	2.456.24	47.522.22
(iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Other current liabilities	2	15,076.08	2,456.24	17,532.32
* *	1	26.84		26.84
(c) Provisions TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1	6,176.70	869.08	7,045.78
TOTAL CORRENT LIABILITIES		24,453.39	869.08	25,322.47
TOTAL LIABILITIES		381,683.88	869.10	382,552.98
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		387,902.44	(24,764.76)	363,137.68

# ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LTD. Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

Note 42 Restated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017 and as at 1st April, 2016

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2016

Standardie Balance Sheet as	at 13t April, 2010	No.	Reported Amount 01-Apr-16	Restatements	Restated Amount 01-Apr-16
I ASSETS			•		
1 NON-CURRENT ASSETS	i e				
(a) Property, plai	nt and equipment		147.91	=	147.91
(b) Intangible ass	ets	1	389,100.03	(25,063.77)	364,036.26
(c) Other non-cu	rrent assets		334.85	-	334.85
TOTAL NON-CURRENT	ASSETS		389,582.79	(25,063.77)	364,519.02
2 CURRENT ASSETS					
(a) Financial ass	ets				
(i) Inves	tments		2.00	-	2.00
(ii) Cash	and cash equivalents		1,006.76	-	1,006.76
(iii) Othe	r financial assets		1.58	-	1.58
(b) Other current	assets		98.59	-	98.59
TOTAL CURRENT ASSE	rs		1,108.93	-	1,108.93
TOTAL ASSETS			390,691.72	(25,063.77)	365,627.95
I EQUITY & LIABILITIES 1 EQUITY					
(a) Equity Share	Capital		343.42	-	343.42
(b) Other Equity		1	1,276.44	(25,932.86)	-24,656.42
	ntirely Equity in Nature		18,887.73	-	18,887.73
TOTAL EQUITY			20,507.59	(25,932.86)	-5,425.27
2 NON-CURRENT LIABILI					
(a) Financial Liab	owings		154,960.06		154,960.06
· · ·	r financial liabilities		170,530.51	-	170,530.51
(b) Provisions	illianciai liabilities		1,928.68	-	1,928.68
TOTAL NON-CURRENT	LIABILITIES		327,419.25	-	327,419.25
3 CURRENT LIABILITIES					
(a) Financial liabi	lities				
` '	owings		13,521.45	-	13,521.45
	payables	2	4,496.63	(4,324.66)	171.97
	r financial liabilities	2	14,602.44	4,324.66	18,927.10
(b) Other current	liabilities		162.28	· -	162.28
(c) Provisions		1	9,982.08	869.09	10,851.17
TOTAL CURRENT LIABI	LITIES		42,764.88	869.08	43,633.97
TOTAL LIABILITIES			370,184.13	869.08	371,053.22
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIA	ABILITIES		390,691.72	(25,063.78)	365,627.95

# ASHOKA DHANKUNI KHARAGPUR TOLLWAY LTD. Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

Note 42 Restated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017 and as at 1st April, 2016

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017

	Particulars	Note No.	Reported Amount 31-Mar-17	Restatements	Restated Amount 31-Mar-17
	INCOME				
'	Revenue from Operations		26,105.11		26,105.11
	Other Income		19.09	-	19.09
	Total Income		26,124.20	-	26,124.20
П	EXPENSES:				
	Sub-Contract and site expenses		3,496.94	-	3,496.94
	Employee Benefits Expenses		450.03	=	450.03
	Finance Expenses		37,732.73	-	37,732.73
	Depreciation and Amortisation	1	3,913.09	(299.00)	3,614.09
	Other Expenses		303.64	-	303.64
	Total Expenses		45,896.43	(299.00)	45,597.43
Ш	Profit before Tax (I - II)		(19,772.23)	299.00	(19,473.23)
IV	Tax Expense:				
	Current Tax		-	-	-
	Deferred Tax		<del>-</del>	-	<u> </u>
v	Profit for the year (V - VI)		(19,772.23)	299.00	(19,473.23)
VI	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) :				
	(a) Items not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Re-measurement gains/(losses)on defined benefit plans		(16.81)	-	(16.81)
	Income tax effect on above		=	=	Ē
	(b) Items to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-	-
	Other Comprehensive Income		(16.81)	-	(16.81)
VII	Total comprehensive income for the year (V+VI)		(19,789.04)	299.00	(19,490.04)

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

#### Note 42

Restated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017 and as at 1st April, 2016

# Reconciliation of Total Equity as at 31st March, 2017 and 1st April, 2016:

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	March 31, 2017	April 1, 2016
Equity Share Capital	343.42	343.42
Other Equity	(18,512.59)	1,276.44
Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature	24,387.73	18,887.73
Total Equity as per Reported Financial Statements	6,218.56	20,507.59
Restement on account of change in accounting - 1st day toll collection	(24,764.77)	(25,063.78)
Restatement on account of increase in provision	(869.09)	(869.09)
Total Equity as per Restated Financial Statements	(19,415.30)	(5,425.27)

### Reconciliation of Total Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2017:

	March 31, 2017
Total Comprehensive Income as per Reported Financial Statements	-16.81
Adjustment on account of restatement	-
Total Comprehensive Income as per Restated Financial Statements	-16.81

#### Notes:

1 The Company hitherto followed a practice of netting the toll income during construction period along with its corresponding expenditures (including interest expenses) from the Intangible Assets i.e. License to collect Toll / Tariff and also the amortisation of license to collect toll / tariff was commenced post completion of the construction.

Based on the accounting treatment followed by the Parent Company and in accordance with requirements of Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS'), the Company has reviewed the said accounting treatment and has recorded an adjustment to Intangible Assets – License to collect Toll / Tariff as at 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017. Further the Company has recognised an obligation towards pending construction work amounting to Rs. 869.09 lakhs as at 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017. On account of the adjustment made to Intangible Assets – License to collect Toll / Tariff, there is a consequential impact on amortisation of intangibles upto a April 2016 and for the year ended 31 March 2017. The impact of the same for the year ended 31 March 2017 is INR 299.00 lakhs.

2 Under the head of the financial liabilities, amount payable towards capital expenditure amounting to Rs. 2,456.24 lakhs (1 April 2016 - INR 4,324.66 lakhs) was disclosed under Trade Payable which has now reclassified to other financial liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

# Note 43 : Previous year comparatives :

Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform to current year classification.

As per our report of even date attached For S R BATLIBOI & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

Sd/-

per Anil Jobanputra Partner

Membership No.: 110759 Place: Mumbai Date: May 24, 2018

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-(Milap Raj Bhansali) (Sanjay P. Ingale) **Director Director** DIN: 00181897

Sd/-DIN: 0008108264

Place: Nashik Date: May 24, 2018